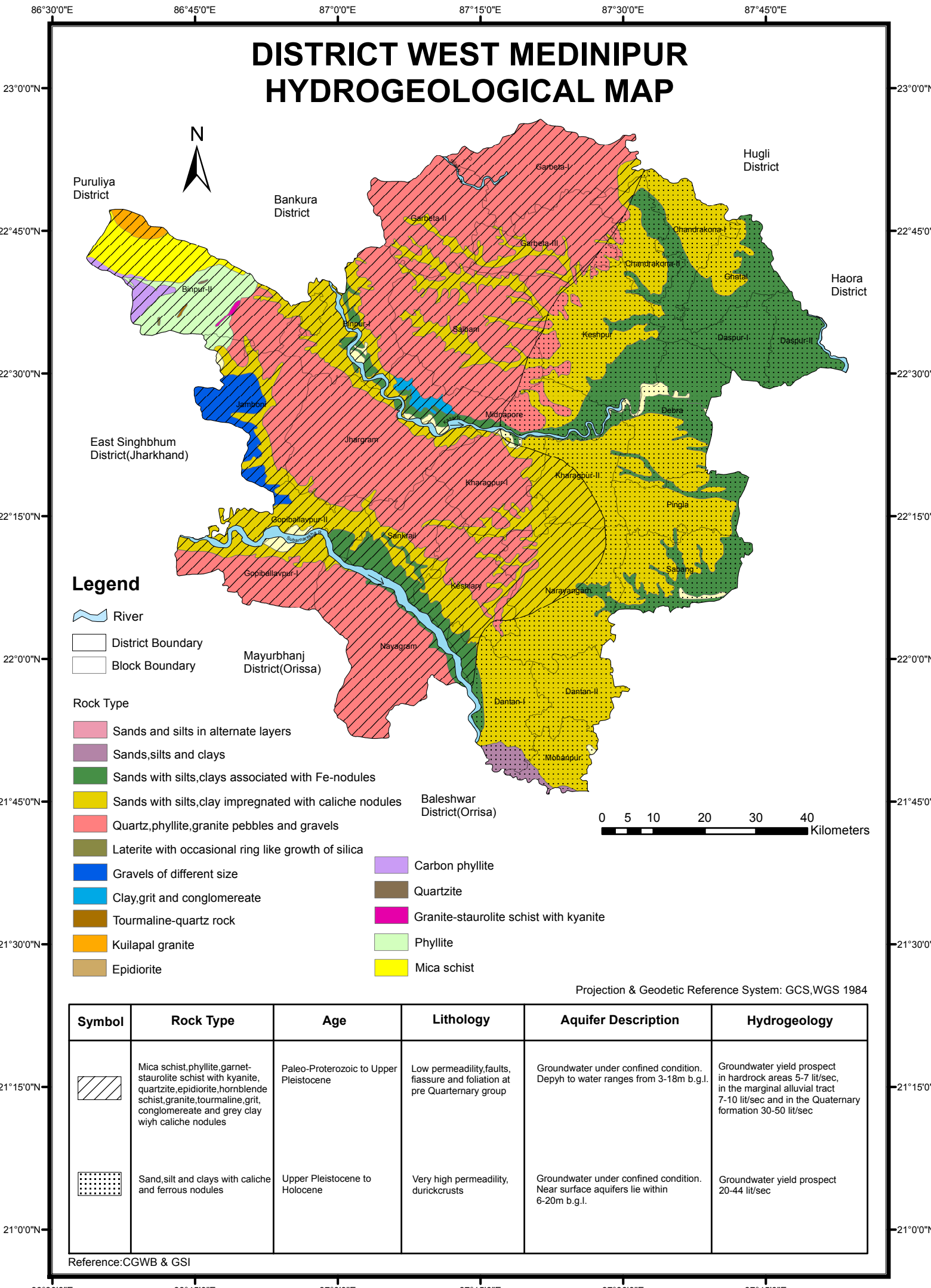


DISTRICT WEST MEDINIPUR HYDROGEOLOGICAL MAP



Legend

- River
- District Boundary
- Block Boundary

Rock Type

- Sands and silts in alternate layers
- Sands, silts and clays
- Sands with silts, clays associated with Fe-nodules
- Sands with silts, clay impregnated with caliche nodules
- Quartz, phyllite, granite pebbles and gravels
- Laterite with occasional ring like growth of silica
- Gravels of different size
- Clay, grit and conglomerate
- Tourmaline-quartz rock
- Kailapal granite
- Epidiorite
- Carbon phyllite
- Quartzite
- Granite-staurolite schist with kyanite
- Phyllite
- Mica schist

0 5 10 20 30 40 Kilometers

Projection & Geodetic Reference System: GCS, WGS 1984

Symbol	Rock Type	Age	Lithology	Aquifer Description	Hydrogeology
	Mica schist, phyllite, garnet-staurolite schist with kyanite, quartzite, epidiorite, hornblende schist, granite, tourmaline, grit, conglomerate and grey clay with caliche nodules	Paleo-Proterozoic to Upper Pleistocene	Low permeability, faults, fissure and foliation at pre Quaternary group	Groundwater under confined condition. Dephy to water ranges from 3-18m b.g.l.	Groundwater yield prospect in hardrock areas 5-7 lit/sec, in the marginal alluvial tract 7-10 lit/sec and in the Quaternary formation 30-50 lit/sec
	Sand, silt and clays with caliche and ferrous nodules	Upper Pleistocene to Holocene	Very high permeability, duricrusts	Groundwater under confined condition. Near surface aquifers lie within 6-20m b.g.l.	Groundwater yield prospect 20-44 lit/sec

Reference: CGWB & GSI